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CLAIMS:

- 1. An ink receiving medium comprising a microporous polymeric film, said microporous polymeric film consisting of a polymer and a hydrophilic polymer melt additive.
- 5 2. The ink receiving medium as recited in claim 1, wherein said microporous polymeric film has a thickness in the range of 1 to 3 mils.
 - 3. The ink receiving medium as recited in claim 1, wherein said hydrophilic polymer melt additive comprises surfactant.
 - 4. The ink receiving medium as recited in claim 1, wherein the amount of said hydrophilic polymer melt additive is in the range of 1-12 wt.%.
 - 5. The ink receiving medium as recited in claim 1, wherein said polymer is polypropylene.
 - 6. The ink receiving medium as recited in claim 1, further comprising a substrate laminated to said microporous polymeric film.
- 7. A method for manufacturing an ink receiving medium comprising the steps of:

forming a molten blend of a polymer and a hydrophilic polymer melt additive;

extruding said molten blend to form a polymeric film; and

forming micropores in said polymeric film.

- 8. The method as recited in claim 7, wherein said forming step comprises stretching said polymeric film.
- 9. The method as recited in claim 7, wherein said hydrophilic polymer melt additive comprises surfactant.
- 5 10. The method as recited in claim 7, further comprising the step of laminating said microporous polymeric film to a substrate.
 - 11. A method of manufacturing a printed product comprising the steps of:
- forming a molten blend of a polymer and a hydrophilic polymer melt additive;
 - extruding said molten blend to form a polymeric film;

forming micropores in said polymeric film; and

applying ink to one side of said microporous polymeric film.

- 12. The method as recited in claim 11, wherein said forming step comprises stretching said polymeric film.
- 13. The method as recited in claim 11, further comprising the step of laminating said microporous polymeric film to a substrate prior to said ink applying step.
 - 14. The method as recited in claim 11, wherein said ink applying step comprises ink jet printing.

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- 15. An ink receiving medium comprising:
- a microporous polymeric film; and
- a microparticle coating applied on one side of said film,
- wherein said coating comprises colloidal inorganic particles and a polymeric binder, the weight percent of colloidal inorganic particles being greater than the weight percent of polymeric binder.
 - 16. The ink receiving medium as recited in claim 15, wherein said colloidal inorganic particles are made of silica.
 - 17. The ink receiving medium as recited in claim 15, wherein said colloidal inorganic particles are made of alumina.
 - 18. The ink receiving medium as recited in claim 15, wherein said polymeric binder comprises polyurethane.
 - 19. The ink receiving medium as recited in claim 15, wherein said polymeric binder comprises polyvinyl alcohol.
- 20. The ink receiving medium as recited in claim 19, wherein said polymeric binder further comprises a cross-linking agent.
- 21. The ink receiving medium as recited in claim 15, wherein said microporous polymeric film is made of polypropylene.

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- 22. The ink receiving medium as recited in claim 15, wherein said coating further comprises surfactant.
- 23. The ink receiving medium as recited in claim 15, wherein said coating further comprises plasticizer.
- 5 24. The ink receiving medium as recited in claim 15, further comprising a substrate laminated to said microporous polymeric film.
 - 25. A method for manufacturing an ink receiving medium comprising the steps of:

extruding a molten polymer to form a polymeric film;
forming micropores in said polymeric film;

making a microparticle coating fluid comprising colloidal inorganic particles and a polymeric binder, the weight percent of colloidal inorganic particles being greater than the weight percent of polymeric binder;

coating said microporous polymeric film with said microparticle coating fluid; and

drying said coated microporous polymeric film.

- 26. The method as recited in claim 25, wherein said colloidal inorganic particles are made of silica.
 - 27. The method as recited in claim 25, wherein said colloidal inorganic particles are made of alumina.
 - 28. The method as recited in claim 25, wherein said microporous polymeric film is made of polypropylene.

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- 29. The method as recited in claim 25, wherein said forming step comprises stretching said polymeric film.
- 30. The method as recited in claim 25, further comprising the step of laminating said microporous polymeric film to a substrate.
- 31. A method of manufacturing a printed product comprising the steps of:

extruding a molten polymer to form a polymeric film; forming micropores in said polymeric film;

making a microparticle coating fluid comprising colloidal inorganic particles and a polymeric binder, the weight percent of colloidal inorganic particles being greater than the weight percent of polymeric binder;

coating one side of said microporous polymeric film with said microparticle coating fluid;

drying said coated microporous polymeric film; and

applying ink to said coated side of said microporous polymeric film.

- 32. The method as recited in claim 31, further comprising the step of laminating said microporous polymeric film to a substrate prior to said ink applying step.
 - 33. The method as recited in claim 31, wherein said ink applying step comprises ink jet printing.

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34. An ink receiving medium comprising a microporous stretched polymeric film and a colloidal coating applied on at least one side of said microporous stretched polymeric film, wherein said colloidal coating comprises submicron inorganic pigment particles embedded in a binder.